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ROLLOVER RECOMMENDATION FORM (Guide to Rollovers directly from Employers' plans)

Name of Plan			
Sponsor/Employer:			
Retirement Account Type.		(b) Non-ERISA* □ 457 Plan □ Pension/DB □ Profit Sharing er Employer-Sponsored Retirement Plan	
Reason for considering a rollover event:		n from Service □ Plan Termination □ Job Change □ In-Service reficiary of a Deceased Plan Participant	
	e considering rolling over money fr	ve several options available upon termination of service from the om an employer plan into an IRA consider the following in deciding	
□ Leave assets in the cu□ Rollover assets to a ne□ Rollover assets to an I	which options are available to the interest employer's plan ew employer's retirement plan; andividual Retirement Account (IRA) employer plan (subject to taxes/press/pre)	
Potential Disadvantages of Rol	lover to IRA:	Potential Advantages of Rollover to IRA:	
• Higher sales charges, fees or c	ommissions	Access to investment professionals and personalized guidance	
• Lose access to automated plan	nning tools	Consolidation of asset into fewer accounts	
 Loss of penalty free withdrawa 	als and loans	Lower fees on underlying investments	
May not be able to defer RMDs if still working		Broader range of investment options	
Loss of favorable taxation of employer stock		Early withdrawals for education/home purchase	
Loss of protection from creditors		Early Withdrawais for Cadadion, nome parenase	
Loss of protection from credit	ors	• Other (explain):	
ACKOWLEDGEMENT: Any investment advice I reinformation I provided to I financial circumstances an I have read and understan making the decision to prolument I understand my rollover a I have had an opportunity from my former employer. I will no longer be employed. Any arrangement to invest how NSI & my financial pro	ceive from Nelson Securities, Inc. (NSI, including but not limited to, model of the information about my retirest occed with the transactions. Indicate the consult a tax professional of my solutions and have had to consult a tax professional of my solutions and the Plan Sponsor, due to reticular to the professional of my solutions. If still employed by Plan Sponsor, my rollover proceeds will be accordessional will be compensated for	"NSI") or its financial professionals will be based upon the y investment objectives, risk tolerance, investment time horizon, count(s). ment plan account options and considered it carefully before the opportunity to ask questions. choosing regarding tax implications of a rollover or withdrawal rement, disability, or other reason, on this date or, please put N/A.) mpanied by a new agreement which will contain information about	

Principal Approval ____

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	Qualified Retirement Plan (i.e., 401(k), 403(b)(7) or Pension Plan)	IRA
Investment Options	Number and type of investments may be restricted by the plan. If mutual funds, less expensive institutional share classes may be used	Usually broader array of investment products available.
Buying Power	More "buying power" due to economies of scale; the plan is able to invest in institutional-class funds, which generally feature lower fees.	Less "buying power" due to the fact that the IRA stands alone and is not pooled with other assets.
Fees & Expenses	In addition to fees/commissions on the investments themselves, fees typically include recordkeeping, compliance, trustee fees, in addition to other service fees, such as access to a customer service representative; some fees may be paid by employer/plan sponsor.	In addition to fees/commissions on the investments themselves, fees typically include administrative, account setup, and custodial fees—fees are based on the investments chosen.
Services	General service could include access to investment advice, planning tools, customer service lines, and educational meetings.	General service could include investment advice, distribution planning, other brokerage services, and online trade execution.
Penalty-Free Withdrawals	An employee may be able to take penalty-free withdrawals from a plan upon leaving a job between the ages of 55 and 59½.	Generally, penalty-free withdrawals may not be made from an IRA until age 59½.
Protection from Creditors & Legal Judgments	Plan assets are generally subject to unlimited protection from creditors under federal law.	Generally, IRA assets are only protected in the event of a bankruptcy; however, state laws vary with respect to how IRA assets are protected in the event of a lawsuit.
Required Minimum Distributions	If an employee is still working at age 72, he or she is generally not forced to make required minimum distributions from his or her plan.	Required minimum distributions must be taken at age 72, regardless of circumstance.
Employer Stock	If held in a plan, employer stock appreciation will be taxed as long-term capital gains upon distribution (Consult your CPA).	Transferring employee stock into an IRA could result in adverse tax consequences, as stock appreciation will be taxed as ordinary income upon distribution (Consult your CPA).
Consolidation	May roll other eligible retirement assets into plan if allowed by plan	Available
Beneficiary Flexibility	Limitations may exist for non-spouse beneficiaries.	Typically allow naming of any person, group, or entity subject to custodian or trustee review and plan document rules.
Contributions	Not permissible if no longer employed by employer.	Subject to IRA rules, including age and earned income requirements.
ROTH Conversion	Plan may allow for ROTH contributions and also in- plan conversions.	Pay tax on conversion, then ROTH IRA distributions are tax free (certain restrictions apply).
Distribution Withholding Instructions	Automatic cash-out provisions may apply for small balances; distributions taken in cash are generally subject to mandatory 20% federal withholding.	No automatic cash-out rules; federal withholding on distributions is optional.