

# **Spending and Debt**

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### **Build Your Emergency Fund**

"I didn't invent the rainy day, man. I just own the best umbrella." —Jimmy Fallon



#### 3.75 months\*

If you expect to be re-employed in short time.



#### 6 Months

If you have a limited safety net and volatile income sources.



#### 12 Months

If your income fluctuates wildly from year to year and you work in a profession where it is hard to find work.

#### **Average Monthly Expenditures**

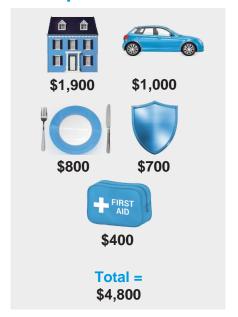




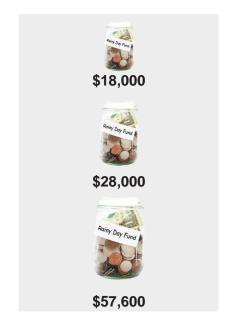




#### **Fund Size**







National average unemployment benefits 4 months (3/1948–7/2016) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, 12/31/16.

### **Beware of Little Expenses**

"Beware of little expenses. A small leak will sink a great ship." —

### Benjamin Franklin \$50,756 **\$8,000** or **16% Annual Expenses per Household** Average yearly income Average yearly amount in the United States. wasted on little expenses! Alcohol \$760 Gym Membership \$1,600 Lottery Tickets \$600 Fast Food \$990 Coffee **\$2,180** Gambling \$800 Wasted Food \$2,115 Cable TV **\$1,240**

Credit Card Interest \$2,750

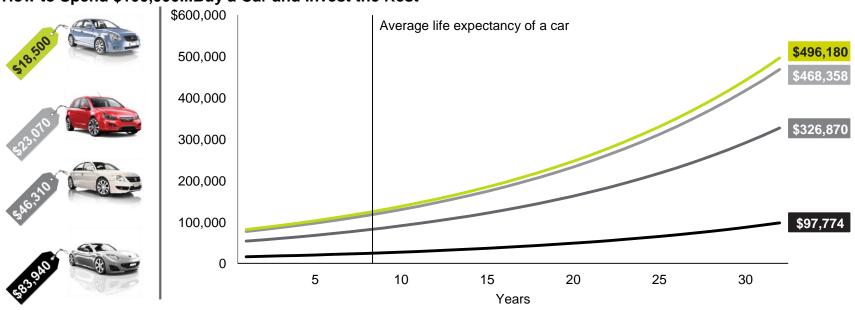
Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics and USA Today, 12/31/16.

Wasted Energy \$2,950

# The Bigger the Purchase, the Bigger the Opportunity Cost

"Intelligent people make decisions based on opportunity cost." —Charlie Munger

How to Spend \$100,000...Buy a Car and Invest the Rest



Source: Kelly Blue Book, 12/31/16. For illustrative purposes only. Assumes a 6% per year market return. 6% market return is based on a hypothetical mathematical example, not the performance of any market.

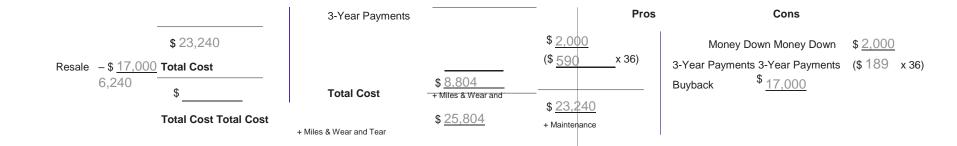
# Buy or Lease a Car?\_\_\_

#### **Example 1: Keep car after 3 years**

Buy Lease to Buy

Example 2: Don't keep car after 3 years					
Buy and Sell		Perpetually Le	Perpetually Leasing		
Money Down	\$ <u>2,000</u>	Money Down	\$ <u>2,000</u>		
3-Year Payments	(\$ <u>590</u> x 36)		(\$ <u>189</u>	x 36)	

Finance Purchase		
Eventual ownership	Higher monthly payments	
Can sell vehicle	Maintenance costs	
Unlimited miles	Depreciates in value	
Can modify vehicle	Selling hassles	
May last years		
Lease Car		

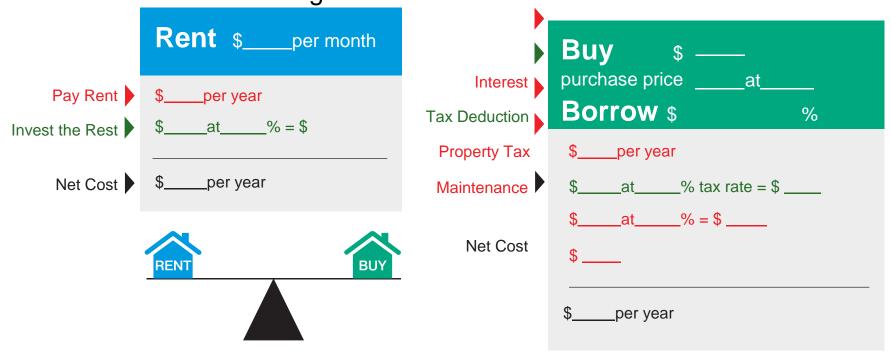


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## **Should I Rent or Buy?**



"Ask five economists and you'll get five different answers—six if one went to Harvard." —Edgar Fiedler



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### How Much Can I Afford to Pay for a House?

"It's not how big the house is, it's how happy the home is." —Unknown



## Annual Income Required per Loan Value and Mortgage Rate If Monthly Payment = 35% of Pre-Tax Income Loan Value

e Rate		\$200,000	\$400,000	\$600,000	\$800,000	\$1,000,000
Mortgage	3%	\$28,903	\$57,806	\$86,743	\$115,646	\$144,549
	4%	\$32,743	\$65,486	\$98,194	\$130,937	\$163,680
	5%	\$36,823	\$73,611	\$110,434	\$147,257	\$184,046

6%     \$41,109     \$82,217     \$123,326     \$164,434	\$205,577	
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### The Toxic Effect of Loans on Retirement Savings

"Every time you borrow money, you're robbing your future self." —Nathan Morris

#### Retirement accounts are for long-term savings. Taking out loans can erode your savings and retirement income. No Ioan \$2,341,456 \$2,500,000 Two hypothetical portfolios assumed to invest 60% in S&P 500 Index and 40% in Bloomberg \$490,339 Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index from 1975-2015. Participants both invest at age 25 Less 2,000,000 and retire at age 65. Both participants contribute \$5,500 per year. One participant takes a \$50,000 loan at age 35 and takes ten years to pay back the loan. During the ten With Loan 1.500.000 years of loan replacement, this participant did not contribute to her 401(k), while the no-loan \$1,851,119 participant continued to contribute monthly. 1,000,000 500,000 65 25 35 45

Right-hand chart source: Bloomberg, 12/31/16. Left-hand chart source: irs.gov, 12/31/16.

Participant Age

#### **Borrowing from 401(k): Potential Penalties**



### Failure to make payments for 90 days:

- Considered a distribution
- Taxed as income
- Plus 10% penalty is under 59½



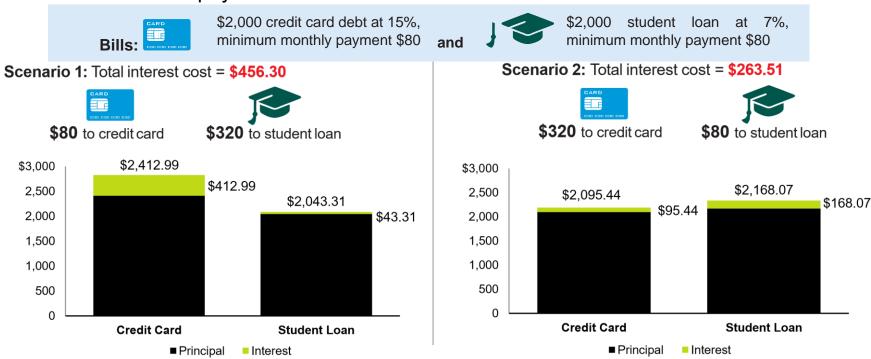
# If you lose your job, you must repay entire loan within 60 days or:

- Considered a distribution
- Taxed as income
- Plus 10% penalty is under 59½

55

### Pay Off Your Highest Interest Debt

"Compound interest is the eighth wonder of the world. He who understands it, earns it...he who doesn't...pays it." —Albert Einstein

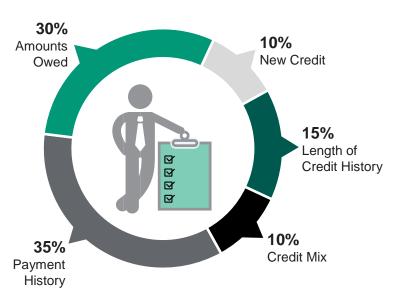


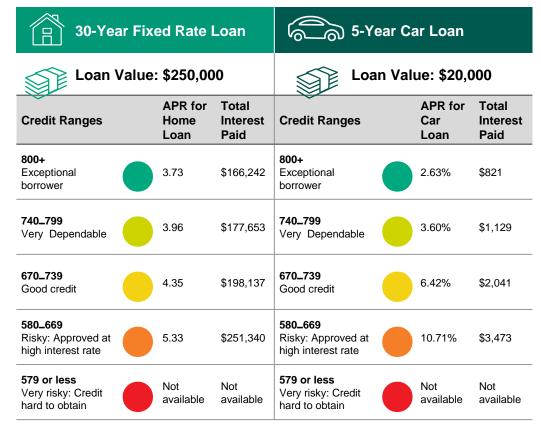
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### **Protect Your Credit Score**

"It's amazing how fast later comes when you buy now." —Milton Berle

#### **How a FICO Score Breaks Down**





### **Retirement Needs: How Much Is Enough?**

"Retirement is like a long vacation in Las Vegas. The goal is to enjoy it the fullest, but not so fully that you run out of money." —Jonathan Clements



	Preretirement Income	80%	Years in Retirement	Your Total
_	\$50,000	\$40,000	20 years	\$800,000
	\$75,000	\$60,000	20 years	\$1,200,000
_	\$25,000	\$20,000	x 20 years	\$400,000

\$100,000 \$80,000

x 20 years

\$1,600,000

#### **Index Definitions**

The 10-Year U.S. Treasury Yield is generally considered to be a barometer for long-term interest rates.

The Alerian MLP Index is a composite of the 50 most prominent energy Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs).

The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is an index of U.S. Government and corporate bonds that includes reinvestment of dividends.

The Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Corporate Bond Index represents primarily investment-grade corporate bonds within the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index. The Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate U.S. Treasuries Index represents public obligations of the U.S. Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more.

The Bloomberg Barclays High Yield Bond Index covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment-grade debt. The JPMorgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index tracks total returns for local-currency-denominated money market instruments in the emerging markets.

The Bloomberg Barclays Municipal Bond Index is a rules-based, market-value-weighted index engineered for the long-term tax-exempt bond market and includes bonds rated investment-grade by at least two of the three major rating agencies (Moody's, S&P and Fitch). SBBI U.S. Large Company Stock Index is an unmanaged index of stocks of large U.S. companies.

SBBI U.S. Long-Term Government Bond Index is an unmanaged index generally representative of the bond market. SBBI U.S. Small Company Stock Index is an unmanaged index of stocks of small U.S. companies.

SBBI U.S. (30-day) Treasury Bills is generally representative of the rate of return on a savings investment.

The Russell 2000 Value Index measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. The Russell Midcap Index measures the performance of mid-capitalization stocks.

The Russell Midcap Growth Index measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. The Russell Midcap Value Index measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The S&P 500 Index is a market-capitalization weighted index of the 500 largest domestic U.S. stocks. Shiller Home Price Index tracks changes in home prices throughout the United States.

Treasury Inflation Protected Securities is generic U.S. Government inflation-index bonds.

The U.S. existing home sales median price tracks changes in residential property prices of existing single-family homes, condos and co-op sales.

Indices are unmanaged and cannot be purchased directly by investors. Index performance is shown for illustrative purposes only and does not predict or depict the performance of any investment. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

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