

Fourth Quarter Earnings – Not as Bad as Feared

Undoubtedly, you know that stocks are having a difficult and volatile time this year, having their worst ten-day start to a year on record. The S&P 500 fell 8% from New Year's Day through January 15. As of yesterday's close, the S&P 500 is down 5.7% year to date (YTD) and is 9.9% below its May 2015 peak. The primary drivers weighing on equities so far this year are:

- China's growth slowdown and its stock market volatility.
- Weakness in crude oil.
- The uncertainty of how many more interest rate increases the Federal Reserve will impose.
- The direction of corporate earnings.

So now, with the first earnings season of 2016 nearing completion, we want to share some observations on fourth quarter corporate profitability; or in some cases, the lack thereof. After all, what ultimately moves stock prices are a company's revenues and earnings, as well as their perceived ability to deliver future returns.

Fourth quarter year-over-year (YoY) earnings are down 4.9% for the 404 companies within the S&P 500 that have reported their results. Approximately 77% of these reporting companies have exceeded their analysts' consensus forecasts, which compares favorably to the historic "beat-rate" average of 67%. Meanwhile, only about half have beaten their revenue projections. Company forward guidance trends have also been weak. On an overall basis, based on up-to-date results, analysts currently estimate that S&P 500 company earnings will fall 4.5% for the fourth quarter. This figure, too, compares favorably to analysts' mid-January forecast for an even greater 7% earnings slump.

Winners & Losers by Sector

As shown in the chart below, five of the ten major sectors within the S&P 500 are expected to post positive earnings growth for the fourth quarter, with Telecom (+19.9%), Consumer Discretionary (+10.8%) and Healthcare (+10.1%) projected to have the strongest YoY profit growth. Energy sector profits are expected to contract by 75%, followed by Materials (-16.5%) and Financials (-5.7%).

S&P 500 Sector	EPS Growth %			
	Q4 2015	Q1 2016e	2015e	2016e
Consumer Disc.	10.8	12.3	13.6	9.3
Consumer Staples	(2.4)	(2.9)	0.3	2.8
Energy	(75.0)	(98.2)	(61.9)	(51.9)
Financials	(5.7)	5.4	6.3	8.4
Health Care	10.0	4.9	14.6	7.9
Industrials	0.7	(5.8)	3.9	4.1
Info.Technology	0.1	(6.2)	5.0	2.9
Materials	(16.5)	(15.5)	(4.0)	(0.8)
Telecom. Services	19.9	4.4	12.9	1.0
Utilities	(4.7)	1.5	1.9	3.4
S&P 500	(4.8)	(5.2)	(0.5)	3.1

Source: S&P Capital IQ

When subtracting out earnings weakness in energy shares – to illustrate the effects from this year’s oil slump – S&P 500 earnings would register a net 1.8% increase. Furthermore, when you also exclude materials and industrial companies, the net profit growth figure improves from 1.8% to 5%. Excluding these energy-related and economically-sensitive sectors reveals that nearly 80% of S&P 500 companies are reporting results that match or beat their earnings forecasts. Weakening oil prices have had a negative effect on global energy companies, and their wider industrials services and infrastructure support industries. Financials—particularly bank stocks—have been hurt as the cost of insuring corporate debt issued to oil and gas companies has climbed to multi-year highs.

On a wider basis, including mid-cap and small-cap stocks, 73% of Russell Mid Cap companies and 64% of Russell 2000 small-caps have surpassed their fourth quarter earnings estimates, while 53% and 52% respectively, have topped their sales projections. These beats are actually up from the third quarter 2015, but are low relative to historical trends.

According to S&P Capital IQ, S&P 500 large-cap company earnings are currently expected to increase by 2.8% for the full-year 2016. This projection is down from their early January outlook for earnings growth of 7.4%.

Looking forward, we feel market direction will continue to depend on China’s growth, how further oil prices may fall, the direction of interest rates and the impact on corporate earnings. Regarding earnings, we believe that anticipated profit reacceleration in 2016 is highly dependent on the trajectory of global industrial production and gross domestic product (GDP), where the near-term outlook has weakened somewhat. Because so much uncertainty exists today, we continue to expect market volatility to remain elevated as investors balance the aforementioned concerns with positives that still exist. These positives include low global interest rates, improved manufacturing data, and accommodative central banks. We therefore recommend maintaining allocations to equities based on long-term investment objectives, staying near benchmark on stocks, bonds and cash.

We continue to favor domestic equities over international, especially in small-cap stocks with a bias toward growth over value. As always, we recommend staying fully diversified to limit over concentrations in any one asset class. Lastly, we believe it prudent to retain an allocation to alternative investments that have low correlations to traditional investments.

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*The **Russell Midcap Index** measures the performance of the mid-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe and is a subset of the Russell 1000 Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap represents approximately 31% of the total market capitalization of the Russell 1000 companies.*

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