

# In the Markets Now

What does a correction look like?

We believe in the old saying: a picture is worth a thousand words. Here, we aim to recap recent market action and provide some perspective to investors.

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December 2021

## WHERE VARIOUS LEVELS OF SELLOFF COULD LEAVE THE MARKET

As we head into the new year, plenty of market uncertainty remains. The coronavirus has proven stubbornly persistent, the Federal Reserve is getting aggressive about tighter policy, and inflation has, well, also proven stubbornly persistent. Further, there is a sense that after three straight years of ~20%+ returns for the S&P, there is simply nowhere to go but down. We disagree for a number of reasons, but just as a thought exercise, let's examine how things might look if the market did correct.

The S&P 500 closed on Wednesday December 8 at 4,701. In our table, we show where the market would be after various levels of selloff, and when the S&P was at each point last. For comparison, we also listed what the S&P 500 price/earnings (P/E) ratio was on those dates to get a sense of how expensive or cheap the market looked.

The results of this exercise proved very interesting. For example, **a market selloff of 15%—the average non-recession correction over the last 50 years—would only set the market back about nine months.** With employment strong, consumer balance sheets healthy, and policy still accommodative, [our friends at Strategas think the odds of a 2022 recession are quite low](#), so this could be a good base case. But should a cataclysmic event occur and the market truly take it on the chin, a 30% pullback would only set us back a little over a year. Further, a crash of that nature has historically been a once-a-decade occurrence, so it's unlikely if tradition holds.

If the market fell:	Then the S&P 500 would be:	The last time the S&P 500 sat below that level was:	And the P/E ratio* on that date was:
-5%	4,466	10/14/2021	24.7
-10%	4,231	6/21/2021	26.9
-15%	3,996	3/31/2021	28.5
-20%	3,761	1/29/2021	27.8
-25%	3,526	11/6/2020	26.6
-30%	3,291	10/30/2020	24.7
<b>Current</b>	<b>4,701</b>	<b>12/8/2021</b>	<b>24.3</b>

\*TTM P/E, per FactSet

More importantly, however, is that by P/E ratio, the market is cheaper today (within a hair of all-time highs) than it was at much lower prices over the past year. Why? **Because the recovery in corporate earnings—the lifeblood of stock prices—has been just as robust as the recovery in stock prices.** Around 13 months ago, the S&P 500 was 25% lower, the outlook for the economy was less certain, and the market was *still* more expensive. Things look much different today. And with earnings set to grow by ~10% in 2022, there is room yet to run.

Of course, volatility and corrections are a major part of investing, so they should be expected. But sans a major earnings recession (again, an unlikelihood by our estimation), any selloffs would only serve to make the market look cheaper and more attractive to long-term investors. And in the end, even larger corrections would only set us back around a year. Remember, [timing a market top is nearly impossible](#), but [preparing for the inevitable volatility](#) is a must. Talk to your Baird Advisor today.

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