

Volatility? No Surprise—and Not so Volatile

June 2020

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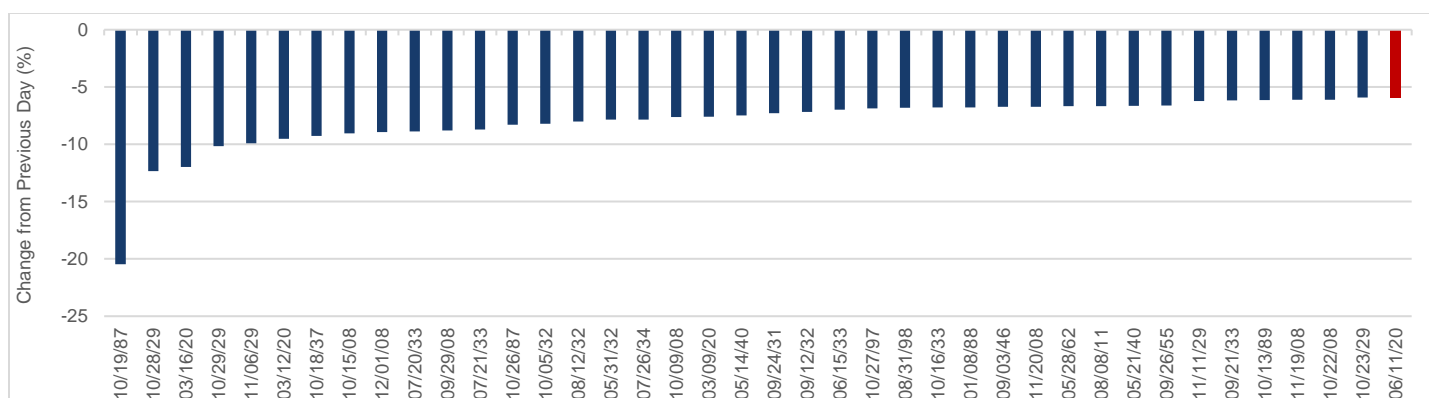
- On June 11, equity markets fell sharply, with declines in excess of 5% for the S&P 500 Index and Dow Jones Industrial Average.
- While notable, the magnitude of these moves is rather ordinary and can be expected to occur throughout a long-term investor's timeline.
- When current conditions are taken into account, they are no surprise either.

Major equity market indexes plunged on June 11, 2020, with the NASDAQ Composite Index dropping by more than 5%, the S&P 500 Index down nearly 6% and the Dow Jones Industrial Average off by almost 7%. Large daily swings can take a toll on investor confidence, particularly to those lulled by the relatively low volatility over the past decade, but in the grand scheme of things, declines of this nature can be expected to occur throughout a long-term investor's timeline.

Not so Big

When we look at daily percentage declines in the S&P 500, the decline on June 11 ranks as the 40th largest daily percentage decline since 1928.

Largest Daily % Declines in the S&P 500



Data as of 6/11/2020. Source: Ned Davis Research, S&P, SEI. Data are computed from the S&P 500 Index since 3/4/1957 and S&P 90 Index from 1/1/1928 to 3/4/1957. Index returns are for illustrative purposes only and do not represent actual investment performance. Index returns do not reflect any management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Not Unexpected

Swift, steep downside moves in the market are rarely welcomed by investors, but there have been signs that:

- The recent market rally from the March lows has also been swift and steep, but nobody complains when markets are moving up. Directionality aside, volatility is volatility. It goes both ways.
- We have been stating for some time that a pullback would come as no surprise, as equity prices have come so far, so fast and perhaps have gotten ahead of themselves.
- Economic conditions presently include shockingly high levels of unemployment. And the Federal Reserve just announced that some of those job losses are likely permanent.
- The COVID-19 pandemic continues across the world.
- Social unrest is a global phenomenon.
- The world's largest economies (the U.S. and China) are engaging in escalating trade disputes.

Not Unusual

While declines of 5% feel huge on the day they happen, they have happened a lot lately. In 2020, there have been three days (all in March) when the decline was even steeper:

S&P 500 Daily Declines Greater Than 5%

- March 16: -11.98%
- March 12: -9.51%
- March 9: -7.60%

In 2008, there were seven days when the decline was steeper. The largest daily drop on record (-20.46%) occurred on October 19, 1987.

Our View

Despite the stomach-churning feeling that big market declines induce, we suspect (based on futures prices) that some of this latest decline will be erased by the time you read this paper. Or maybe not. Short-term market movements are unpredictable—which is why we remain firmly committed to long-term investing strategies. It's just too uncertain, too exhausting and likely too unsuccessful to bet your future on short-term market movements.

Index Definitions

The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted average of 30 significant stocks traded on the New York Stock Exchange and NASDAQ.

The Nasdaq Composite Index is an unmanaged, market-capitalization weighted index that consists of all securities listed on the NASDAQ exchange. It is often used to gauge performance of global technology stocks.

The S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index made up of 500 widely-held large-cap U.S. stocks.

Important Information

There are risks involved with investing, including loss of principal.

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