Bartholomew & Company Monthly

Providing Trusted Financial Advice Since 1994



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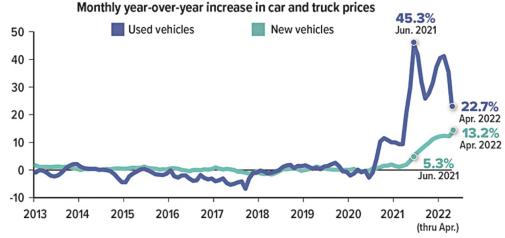
3,337,000

Number of new cars sold in the U.S. in 2021. Sales to consumers accounted for 43.5% of this total, sales to businesses accounted for 54.7%, and sales to the government accounted for 1.8%. The sales total represents a 50% drop from 2016.

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, 2022

New Vehicle Shortages Drove Up Used Vehicle Prices

Prices for used cars and trucks began to rise at an unprecedented rate in August 2020 after remaining relatively flat since 2013. As new vehicle production was limited by supply-chain issues, demand for used vehicles skyrocketed. By June 2021, prices for used vehicles had grown by 45.3% year over year. After dropping somewhat, they peaked again in March 2022, finally dipping again in April. As new vehicle production accelerates, used car and truck prices could moderate, though the market may not recover quickly.



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2022 (Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers)

Diversifying Your Portfolio with International Flair

Global economic growth is projected to drop from a 5.8% rate in 2021 to 3.3% in 2022, as the world grapples with repercussions of the Russia-Ukraine war and ever-changing conditions wrought by the pandemic. Growth forecasts of 3.3% for the United States and 2.4% for the euro area in 2022 (down from 5.6% and 5.2%, respectively, in 2021) reflect the prospect of supply constraints along with rising inflation and interest rates. China's growth is projected to slow to 5.1% in 2022 from 8.1% in 2021 due to its zero-COVID strategy and languishing real estate sector.¹⁻²

Investing internationally provides access to growth opportunities outside the United States, which may boost returns and/or enhance diversification in your portfolio. But foreign securities carry additional risks that may result in greater share price volatility; these risks should be carefully managed with your goals and risk tolerance in mind.

Foreign Factors

It's more complicated to perform due diligence and identify sound investments in unfamiliar and less transparent foreign markets. Plus, there are potential risks that may be unique to a specific country.

Politics and economic policies. A nation's political structure, leadership, and regulations may affect the government's influence on the economy and the financial markets.

Currency exchange. If a domestic currency is strong against a foreign currency, purchasing power is gained when exchanging to the weaker currency. If the foreign currency continues to weaken, any investment gains and the principal may lose value when exchanged back to the domestic currency.

Financial reporting. Many developing countries do not follow rigorous U.S. accounting standards, which makes it more difficult to have a true picture of company performance.

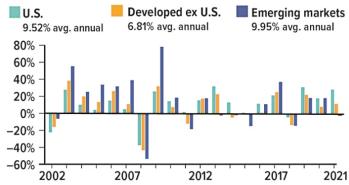
Global Strategies

One way to invest in foreign markets is with mutual funds or exchange-traded funds (ETFs). The term "ex U.S." typically means that the fund does not include domestic stocks, whereas "global" or "world" funds may include a mix of U.S. and international stocks.

International stock funds range from broad funds that attempt to capture worldwide economic activity, to regional funds and others that focus on a single country. Some funds are limited to companies in developed nations, whereas others concentrate on nations with emerging (or developing) economies. Emerging-market stocks might offer greater growth potential, but they are riskier and less liquid than the stocks of companies located in advanced economies.

Global Performance Picture

Stock market performance, 2002–2021 (annual total returns and average annual returns)



Source: Refinitiv, 2022, for the period 12/31/2001 to 12/31/2021. U.S. stocks are represented by the S&P 500 Composite Total Return Index, developed ex U.S. stocks are represented by the MSCI EAFE GTR Index, and emerging market stocks are represented by the MSCI EM GTR Index; all are considered representative of their asset classes. The performance of an unmanaged index is not indicative of the performance of any specific investment. Individuals cannot invest directly in an index. Rates of return will vary over time, especially for long-term investments. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Actual results will vary.

It may be tempting to increase your exposure to a booming foreign market, but chasing performance might cause you to buy shares at high prices and suffer more losses when conditions shift. If you decide to spread your investment dollars around the world, be prepared to hold on during bouts of market volatility. Still, you should rebalance your portfolio periodically to help ensure that your exposure to international stocks has not drifted too far from your intended allocation — to the detriment of your long-term investment strategy.

Investors should keep in mind that selling investments in a taxable account could result in a tax liability. Diversification is a method used to help manage investment risk; it does not guarantee a profit or protect against investment loss. The return and principal value of all stocks, mutual funds, and ETFs fluctuate with changes in market conditions. Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Supply and demand for ETF shares may cause them to trade at a premium or a discount relative to the value of the underlying shares.

Mutual funds and ETFs are sold by prospectus. Please consider the investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses carefully before investing. The prospectus, which contains this and other information about the investment company, can be obtained from your financial professional. Be sure to read the prospectus carefully before deciding whether to invest.

- 1) S&P Global, 2022
- 2) International Monetary Fund, 2022

Three Things to Consider Before Buying a Vacation Home

The arrival of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 led to a surge in demand for vacation/second homes — mainly spurred by government shutdowns and stay-at-home advisories. Whether working remotely, attending school online, or meeting up with friends and family virtually, people found themselves spending more time than ever at home. If you are thinking about buying a vacation home, here are three things to consider before taking the plunge.

Tax Benefits

The tax treatment of your home will depend largely on how much time you (or a family member) use the property for personal purposes relative to the amount of time you rent it to others. If you plan to use the home for your personal use only, or rent it to others for fewer than 15 days per year, you can typically deduct property taxes, qualified residence interest, and casualty loss deductions. Rental income from a second home under these circumstances is not taxable and rental expenses are not deductible.

When you rent out your home for more than 15 days during the year, and your personal use of the home exceeds the greater of 14 days during the year or 10% of the days rented, then the property is considered a vacation home for tax purposes. You may deduct property taxes, qualified residence interest, and casualty loss deductions. However, rental expenses must be divided between personal and rental use, and deductible expenses are generally limited to the amount of income generated by the property. In addition, all rental income is reportable. Consider seeking advice from an independent tax or legal professional.

There are inherent risks associated with real estate investments and the real estate industry, each of which could have an adverse effect on the financial performance and value of a real estate investment. Some of these risks include: a deterioration in national, regional, and local economies; tenant defaults; local real estate conditions, such as an oversupply of, or a reduction in demand for, rental space; property mismanagement; changes in operating costs and expenses, including increasing insurance costs, energy prices, real estate taxes, and the costs of compliance with laws, regulations, and government policies. Real estate investments may not be appropriate for all investors.

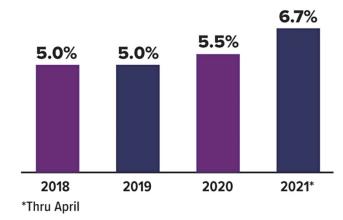
Affordability

Though there may be some financial benefits to owning your own small piece of paradise (e.g., rental income, increase in property value), you should only purchase a vacation home if you crunched the numbers and find that you can truly afford it. In addition to a mortgage, you'll have to pay property taxes and, depending on where the home is located, a

higher premium for hazard and liability insurance. The amount of money you pay for electricity, heat, sewer, water, phone, and other utilities will depend on how frequently and how many people use/occupy the vacation home. And unless your home comes furnished, initially you will need to spend money on furniture, bedding, and housewares to make sure that your home is equipped and ready for use/occupancy.

You'll also have to spend money on keeping up the home. Maintenance costs can include cleaning, yard work, pool or spa maintenance, plowing, and both major and minor repairs. If you're buying a condo or a home that is part of a homeowners association, you'll have to pay a monthly fee to cover maintenance/upkeep. Finally, if you are plan to rent out your vacation home, you may need to hire a property management company that will help you market, list, and maintain your rental property for a fee.

Share of Vacation Home Sales to Total Existing Home Sales



Source: National Association of Realtors, 2021

Investment Potential

Is the property located near a highly sought-after vacation destination? If so, it may turn out to be a good investment. Popular vacation rentals tend to increase in value over time, helping you build equity and accumulate wealth. In addition, it could generate enough rental income to help cover your mortgage and property taxes throughout the year.

If you vacation often enough, owning a vacation home could also end up saving you money in the long run. Compare the cost of your annual mortgage payments to what you normally pay for vacations during the year. You may be surprised to find that the costs are similar. Are you are planning for or nearing retirement? If so, you could buy a vacation home with the goal of eventually using it as your primary residence when you retire.

1) National Association of Realtors, 2021

The Potential Benefits of Roth IRAs for Children

Most teenagers probably aren't thinking about saving for retirement, buying a home, or even paying for college when they start their first jobs. Yet a first job can present an ideal opportunity to explain how a Roth IRA can become a valuable savings tool in the pursuit of future goals.

Rules of the Roth

Minors can contribute to a Roth IRA as long as they have earned income and a parent (or other adult) opens a custodial account in the child's name. Contributions to a Roth IRA are made on an after-tax basis, which means they can be withdrawn at any time, for any reason, free of taxes and penalties. Earnings grow tax-free, although nonqualified withdrawals of earnings are generally taxed as ordinary income and may incur a 10% early-withdrawal penalty.

A withdrawal is considered qualified if the account is held for at least five years and the distribution is made after age 59½, as a result of the account owner's disability or death, or to purchase a first home (up to a \$10,000 lifetime limit). Penalty-free early withdrawals can also be used to pay for qualified higher-education expenses; however, regular income taxes will apply.

In 2022, the Roth IRA contribution limit for those under age 50 is the lesser of \$6,000 or 100% of earned income. In other words, if a teenager earns \$1,500 this year, his or her annual contribution limit would be

\$1,500. Other individuals may also contribute directly to a teen's Roth IRA, but the total value of all contributions may not exceed the child's annual earnings or \$6,000 (in 2022), whichever is lower. (Note that contributions from others will count against the annual gift tax exclusion amount.)



Roth IRAs offer an opportunity to learn about important concepts that could provide a lifetime of financial benefits.

Lessons for Life

When you open a Roth IRA for a minor, you're giving more than just an investment account; you're offering an opportunity to learn about important concepts that could provide a lifetime of financial benefits. For example, you can help explain the different types of investments, the power of compounding, and the benefits of tax-deferred investing. If you don't feel comfortable explaining such topics, ask your financial professional for suggestions.

The young people in your life will thank you — sooner or later.

For questions about laws governing custodial Roth IRAs, consult your tax or legal professional. There is no assurance that working with a financial professional will improve investment results.

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