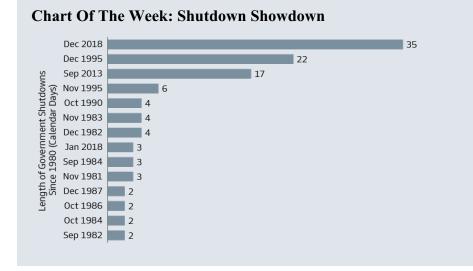
MARKET MONITOR



US POLITICS

Government shutdowns since 1980 have lasted, on median, 4 days, but a shutdown in 2023 may last 2-3 weeks. We expect annualized growth to decline by –0.2pp for each week that a shutdown lasts but believe those losses can be recovered in subsequent months, in part due to back-paying government salaries. Historical market impacts have been relatively muted: since 1980, the S&P 500 has delivered a median return of 0.75% during government shutdowns.

Source: Bloomberg and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. As of September 29, 2023.

MARKET SUMMARY

GLOBAL EQUITIES: US equities fell last week on the back of concerns that interest rates will remain elevated for longer. The S&P 500 finished its worst month of the year and had its lowest close since June last week, ultimately ending -0.71% lower. In Europe, the STOXX 600 notched a six-month low before closing -0.64% lower as investors continued to grapple with weak activity data and the overall health of the economy.

COMMODITIES: Oil prices rebounded from their first negative week in the past four as crude supply continued to dwindle. Crude oil inventories in the US fell well below consensus expectations, and the Strategic Petroleum Reserve reached its lowest inventory since 1983. Ultimately, WTI ended higher and Brent crude ended flat at \$90.79 and \$92.20/bbl, respectively with the former reaching its highest level in thirteen months. Elsewhere, gold prices ended last week lower at \$1866.10/troy oz.

FIXED INCOME: Global sovereign yields across most maturities rose last week, in part due to hawkish central bank rhetoric and political uncertainty in the US. The 2-Year and 10-Year US Treasury yields decreased to 5.05% and increased to 4.57%, respectively, and the 2s10s yield spread steepened to –45 bps, its highest level in four-months. In the Euro area, the 10-Year German Bund yield reached a twelve-year high before closing at 2.84%.

FX: The US dollar strengthened against a basket of currencies last week on further belief that the US economy may be more resilient to high interest rates vis-à-vis other countries. Accordingly, the US dollar index ended last week 0.55% higher, and the euro and pound sterling fell to \$1.0577 and \$1.2205, respectively. Elsewhere, the Japanese yen hit an 11-month low, ending the week at ¥149.40 as intervention by the BoJ may become increasingly likely.

ECONOMIC SUMMARY

INFLATION: The core PCE price index declined to 3.9% year-over-year (YoY), in line with consensus expectations. GIR forecasts core PCE to decline to 3.4% at YE 2023, below the FOMC's median forecast of 3.7%, leaving ample room for downside inflation surprises relative to Fed officials' projections in the coming months. Across the pond, Euro area headline inflation declined to 4.3% YoY on the back of a weakening demand environment leading companies to raise prices to a lesser extent. The details of the report were also encouraging, with services inflation falling to 4.7% YoY. We believe that the slowdown in services price growth, however, signals weaker growth ahead.

LABOR: Initial jobless claims increased by 2k to 204k in the week ended September 23, below consensus expectations for a 13k rebound and back down to pre-pandemic levels. We still anticipate a healthy relaxation in labor demand driven by a reduction in job openings.

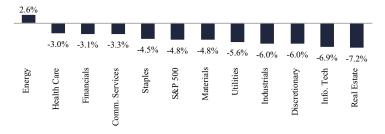
GROWTH: Real GDP growth in the US was unchanged at +2.1% annualized in the second quarter and consumption growth was revised down to +0.8%, both below consensus. The details of the report were strong, however, as the revisions resulted in a stronger multi-year trend in GDP.

SENTIMENT: The Conference Board consumer confidence index declined to 103, below consensus expectations and to its lowest level since May 2023. Conversely, the University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index printed at 68.1, above consensus expectations. The change in sentiment may be dictated by rising oil prices, and we believe that any weakening in soft data may not accurately represent the health of the US economy.

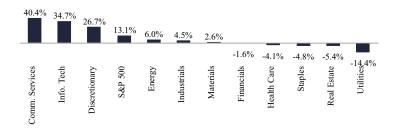
MARKET WATCH

S&P 500 INDEX SECTOR RETURNS

MONTH-TO-DATE, AS OF 09/29/23



YEAR-TO-DATE, AS OF 09/29/23



Style Performance

US EQUITY SIZE & STYLE RETURNS

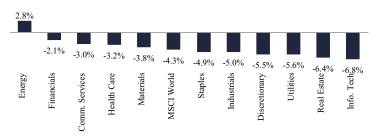
Month-to-Date			(as of 09/29/23)	Year-to-Date		
Value	Core	Growth		Value	Core	Growth
-3.86%	-4.70%	-5.44%	Large	1.79%	13.01%	24.98%
-5.09%	-5.02%	-4.87%	Medium	0.54%	3.91%	9.88%
-5.21%	-5.89%	-6.60%	Small	-0.53%	2.54%	5.24%

MSCI WORLD SIZE & STYLE RETURNS

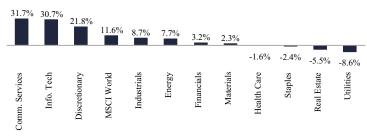
	Month-to-Date		(as of 09/29/23)	Year-to-Date			
V	alue	Core	Growth		Value	Core	Growth
-2.	.55%	-4.26%	-5.70%	Large	2.21%	12.51%	23.19%
-4.	.08%	-4.64%	-5.39%	Medium	1.09%	3.39%	6.27%
-4.	.44%	-5.25%	-6.06%	Small	1.11%	2.92%	4.76%

MSCI WORLD INDEX SECTOR RETURNS

MONTH-TO-DATE, AS OF 09/29/23



YEAR-TO-DATE, AS OF 09/29/23



US FIXED INCOME MATURITY AND QUALITY RETURNS

Month-to-Date			(as of 09/29/23)	Year-to-Date		
Short	Intermed.	Long		Short	Intermed.	Long
-0.38%	-0.96%	-7.29%	Government	1.12%	0.28%	-8.55%
-0.52%	-1.37%	-5.26%	Corporate	2.01%	1.35%	-2.71%
-0.56%	-1.14%	-2.77%	High Yield	6.19%	5.93%	3.46%

EUROPEAN FIXED INCOME MATURITY AND QUALITY RETURNS

Month-to-Date			(as of 09/29/23)	Year-to-Date		
Short Intermed. Long			Short Intermed. Lo		Long	
-0.27%	-1.85%	-6.09%	Government	1.08%	0.97%	-2.79%
0.03%	-1.12%	-3.49%	Corporate	2.38%	2.96%	1.16%
0.33%		High Yield	6.30%			

ECONOMIC WATCH

Monday, October 2	Tuesday, October 3	Wednesday, October 4	Thursday, October 5	Friday, October 6	Critical Future Events				
US ISM Manufacturing PMI	JOLTs Job Openings	US ISM Non-Manuf. PMI	US Initial Jobless Claims	US Nonfarm Payfolls	ECB Meeting – Oct 26				
(Cons: 47.8, Prior: 47.6)	(Cons: N/A, Prior, 8.827M)	(Cons: 54.0, Prior: 54.5)	(Cons: N/A, Prior: 204k)	(Cons: 150k, Prior: 187k)	BoJ Meeting – Oct 31				
EA Manufacturing PMI				US Unemployment Rate	FOMC Meeting – Nov 2				
(Cons: 43.4, Prior: 43.5)				(Cons: 3.7%, Prior: 3.8%)	BoE Meeting – Nov 2				
UK Manufacturing PMI				US Avg. Hourly Earnings					
(Cons: 44.2, Prior: 43.0)				(Cons: 0.3%, Prior: 0.2%)					

Source: MSCI, Bloomberg, and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. For style performance, Large, Mid, and Small for US Equity refer to the Russell 1000, Russell Midcap, and Russell 2000 indices, respectively. Value refers to companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values, and Growth refers to higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. For US Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg Treasury, Bloomberg Corporate Credit, and Bloomberg High Yield indices, respectively. Short, Intermediate, and Long refer to the Short, Intermediate, and Long segments of their respective curves. For European Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg Euro Treasury Index, the Bloomberg Euro Corporate Index, and the Bloomberg Euro High Yield Index, respectively. Quality returns refers to the credit quality of asset classes ranging from Government, highest quality, to High Yield, lowest quality. Since August 24, 2021, the Barclays indices are branded "Bloomberg indices". Please see end disclosures for footnotes. Past performance does not guarantee future results, which may vary.

WEEKLY MARKET RECAP

INDEX RETURNS				
	1 WEEK	MTD	QTD	YTD
EQUITIES				
S&P 500	-0.71%	-4.77%	-3.27%	13.07%
DJ Industrial Average	-1.34%	-3.42%	-2.10%	2.73%
Russell 2000	0.55%	-5.89%	-5.13%	2.54%
Russell Midcap	-0.07%	-5.02%	-4.68%	3.91%
STOXX Europe 50 (€)	-0.77%	-2.77%	-4.83%	13.40%
STOXX Europe 600 (€)†	-0.64%	-1.66%	-2.11%	8.52%
MSCI EAFE Small Cap	-1.26%	-4.37%	-3.42%	2.27%
FTSE 100 (£)	-0.89%	2.40%	2.19%	5.50%
DAX (€)	-1.10%	-3.51%	-4.71%	10.51%
FTSE MIB (€)	-1.16%	-1.92%	0.55%	24.00%
CAC 40 (€)†	-0.69%	-2.40%	-3.44%	12.64%
SWISS MKT (CHF)	-0.45%	-1.33%	-2.68%	5.41%
TOPIX (¥)	-1.37%	0.51%	2.45%	25.70%
Hang Seng (HKD)	-1.37%	-2.58%	-4.19%	-6.82%
MSCI World	-0.84%	-4.28%	-3.36%	11.55%
MSCI China Free†	-1.23%	-2.57%	-1.40%	-2.59%
MSCI EAFE	-1.40%	-3.37%	-4.05%	7.59%
MSCI EM	-1.13%	-2.57%	-2.79%	2.16%
MSCI Brazil (BRL)	0.54%	1.35%	0.13%	7.11%
MSCI India (INR)	-0.14%	2.04%	4.13%	8.72%
FIXED INCOME				
Bloomberg Aggregate	-0.96%	-2.54%	-3.23%	-1.21%
Bloomberg Euro Aggregate	-1.17%	-4.48%	-4.53%	-0.21%
Bloomberg US High Yield	-0.42%	-1.18%	0.46%	5.86%
Bloomberg Euro High Yield (€)	-0.27%	0.33%	1.78%	6.30%
Bloomberg Muni Aggregate	-1.53%	-2.93%	-3.95%	-1.38%
Bloomberg TIPS	-0.92%	-1.93%	-2.80%	-0.87%
JPM EMBI Glbl. Divers.	-1.20%	-2.60%	-2.23%	1.76%
JPM GBI-EM Glbl. Divers.	-1.37%	-3.37%	-3.26%	4.28%
OTHER				
DJ US Real Estate	-1.43%	-7.28%	-8.56%	-4.86%
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Dvlpd. Ex-US	-1.71%	-4.53%	-2.80%	-6.94%
S&P GSCI	-0.15%	4.12%	15.98%	7.24%
Alerian MLP	0.76%	3.24%	9.90%	20.56%
US Dollar Index	0.55%	2.27%	3.08%	2.37%
VIX	1.86%	29.11%	28.92%	-19.15%

COMMODITIES				
	09/29/23	08/31/23	06/30/23	12/31/22
WTI Oil (\$/barrel)	\$90.79	\$83.63	\$70.64	\$80.26
Brent Oil (\$/barrel)	\$92.20	\$86.86	\$74.90	\$85.91
Gold (\$/oz)	\$1866.10	\$1986.30	\$1968.00	\$1842.20
Natural Gas (\$/mmBtu)	\$2.93	\$2.77	\$2.80	\$4.47

CURRENCIES							
	09/29/23	08/31/23	06/30/23	12/31/22			
Euro (\$/€)	1.0577	1.0845	1.0911	1.0701			
Pound (\$/£)	1.2205	1.2664	1.2696	1.2063			
Japanese Yen (¥/\$)	149.40	145.44	144.31	130.97			
Swiss Franc (CHF/€)	0.9682	0.9579	0.9765	0.9890			
Chinese Yuan Renminbi (CNY/\$)	7.1746	7.1713	7.2230	6.9225			

RATES & SPREADS				
	09/29/23	08/31/23	06/30/23	12/31/22
RATES				
Fed Funds Target	5.50%	5.50%	5.25%	4.50%
Secured Overnight Financing Rate *	5.31%	5.31%	5.09%	4.30%
ECB Depo Rate	4.00%	3.75%	3.50%	2.00%
3-Month US Dollar Libor	5.66%	5.66%	5.55%	4.77%
US Treasuries 2-Year	5.05%	4.86%	4.88%	4.41%
US Treasuries 10-Year	4.57%	4.09%	3.82%	3.84%
US Treasury 2-10 Slope	-0.47%	-0.77%	-1.06%	-0.57%
German Bunds 2-Year	3.20%	2.98%	3.20%	2.76%
German Bunds 10-Year	2.84%	2.47%	2.39%	2.57%
Japanese Govt Bonds 10-Year	0.76%	0.65%	0.40%	0.42%
UK Gilts 10-Year	4.44%	4.36%	4.39%	3.67%
Swiss Govt Bonds 10-Year	1.10%	0.93%	0.96%	1.62%
French OATs 10-Year	3.40%	2.98%	2.93%	3.12%
Italian BTPs 10-Year	4.78%	4.12%	4.07%	4.71%
Spanish Bonos 10-Year	3.93%	3.48%	3.38%	3.66%
SPREADS				
HY Corp. Spread (bps)	395	370	392	468
Bank Loan Spread (bps) *	550	556	581	652
IG Corp. Spread (bps)	120	117	122	130
EMD Spread (bps)	478	467	475	500

Global Equity Valuations

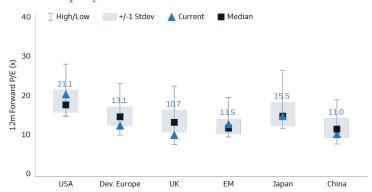


Chart Source: Goldman Sachs Asset Management and Bloomberg as of close of trading on August 31, 2023. Chart data shows next 12-month P/E ratio from September 2013 to the current period. 12m forward P/E(x) refers to price-to-earnings ratio for the next 12 months, which is a valuation measure applied to respective broad equity indices. Please see additional disclosures at the end of this presentation.

Weekly Market Recap Notes:

All data is denominated in USD unless noted otherwise.

† Data is released weekly, as of Monday.

If data displays an asterisk:

- * Data is lagged by 1 day.
- ** Data is lagged by 2 days.

Source: MSCI and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. Past performance does not guarantee future results, which may vary. Please see end disclosures for footnotes.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Page 1 Chart of the Week Notes: Source: Bloomberg and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. As of September 29, 2023. Chart shows the lengths of the 14 US government shutdowns since 1980. Y-axis shows the month and year that each government shutdown started. A US government shutdown occurs when Congress doesn't approve funding for the federal government by the time the new fiscal year begins. "GDP" refers to gross domestic product. "Pp" refers to percentage points. For Illustrative purposes only.

Page 1 Market Summary Notes: "Fed" refers to the Federal Reserve. "WTI" refers to West Texas Intermediate crude oil, a common US benchmark for oil prices. "Brent" refers to a global benchmark for oil prices worldwide. "Bbl" refers to barrel. "Hawkish" refers to less accommodative monetary policy. "2s10s spread" refers to the difference between the 10-Year US Treasury Yield and the 2-Year US Treasury yield. "Bps" refers to basis points. "BoJ" refers to the Bank of Japan.

Page 1 Economic Summary Notes: "Core PCE" refers to Personal Consumption Expenditures Index, excluding food and energy. "GIR" refers to Goldman Sachs Global Investment Research. "FOMC" refers to Federal Open Market Committee. "GDP" refers to gross domestic product.

Page 2 Style Performance Notes: For US Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg US Treasury, the Bloomberg US Corporate Credit, and the Bloomberg US High Yield indices, respectively. For European Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg Euro Treasury Index, the Bloomberg Euro Corporate Index, and the Bloomberg Euro High Yield Index, respectively. Short, Intermediate, and Long refer to the Short, Intermediate, and Long segments of their respective curves. Quality returns refers to the credit quality of asset classes ranging from Government, highest quality, to High Yield, lowest quality. Since August 24, 2016, the Barclays indices are co-branded "Bloomberg Barclays indices".

Page 2 Economic Watch Notes: "ISM Manufacturing PMI" refers to US Institute for Supply Management Services Manufacturing Purchasing Managers Index. "EA Manufacturing PMI" refers to a Euro area manufacturing purchasing managers index. "UK Manufacturing PMI" refers to a United Kingdom manufacturing purchasing managers index. "JOLTs Job Openings" refers to US Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey. "ISM Services PMI" refers to US Institute for Supply Management Services Non-Manufacturing Purchasing Managers Index. "ECB" refers to the European Central Bank. "BoJ" refers to the Bank of Japan. "FOMC" refers to Federal Open Market Committee. "BoE" refers to the Bank of England.

Page 3 Global Equity Valuations Chart Notes: Earnings are forward looking Bloomberg estimates of operating earnings per share over the next four quarters, which may exclude one-time extraordinary gains and losses. Please see index disclosures for additional definitions on the indices.

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Index Benchmarks: Equities: The S&P 500 Index is the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Prices Index of 500 stocks, an unmanaged index of common stock prices. The Dow Jones Industrial Average Index is a price-weighted average of 30 actively traded blue-chip stocks. The Russell 1000 Index is a market-cap weighted index that measures the performance of the 1,000 largest companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell Mid Cap Index measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index, which represent approximately 30% of the total market capitalization of the Russell 1000 Index. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index of common stock prices that measures the performance of the 2000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The MSCI EAFE Index is a free-float weighted equity index, which covers developed markets countries in Europe, Australasia, Israel, and the Far East. The MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that captures large and mid-cap representation across 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries. The STOXX Europe 600 Index is derived from the STOXX Europe Total Market Index (TMI) and is a subset of the STOXX Global 1800 Index. With a fixed number of 600 components, the STOXX Europe 600 Index represents large, mid and small capitalization companies across 18 countries of the European region. The Japan TOPIX Index is a capitalization-weighted index of the largest companies and corporations that are found in the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The German DAX is a capitalization-weighted blue chip stock market index consisting of the 30 major German companies trading on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. The Shanghai Composite is a market capitalization weighted index of all A-shares and B-shares that trade on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Euro Stoxx 50 Index, Europe's leading Bluechip index for the Eurozone, provides a Blue- chip representation of supersector leaders in the Eurozone. The Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 100 Index is an index of the 100 companies listed on the London Stock Exchange with the highest market capitalization. FTSE MIB Index is composed of 40 Italian equities and seeks to replicate the broad sector weights of the Italian stock market. CAC 40 Index is composed of the 40 largest equities listed in France. SWISS Market Index is composed of the largest and most liquid stocks traded on the Geneva, Zurich, and Basel Stock Exchanges. Hang Seng Composite Index covers about 95% of the total market capitalization of companies listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The MSCI World Index is a broad global equity index that represents large and mid-cap equity performance across 23 developed markets countries. It covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. The MSCI China Index captures large and mid cap representation across China H shares, B shares, Red chips, P chips and foreign listings (e.g. ADRs). With 461 constituents, the index covers about 85% of this China equity universe. Currently, the index also includes Large Cap A shares represented at 5% of their free float adjusted market capitalization. MSCI Brazil Index covers about 85% of the total market capitalization of the Brazilian equity universe. MSCI India Index covers about 85% of the total market capitalization of the Indian equity universe. MSCI Russia Index covers about 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in Russia. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is a leading measure of market expectations of nearterm volatility conveyed by S&P 500 Index option prices. Fixed Income: The Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index represents an unmanaged diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities, including US Treasuries, investment-grade corporate bonds, and mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities. The Bloomberg US High-Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. The Bloomberg US Aggregate Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged broadbased total return index composed of approximately 8,000 investment grade, fixed rate, and tax-exempt issues, with a remaining maturity of at least one year. The J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index (EMBI Global Index) is an unmanaged market capitalization Index that tracks total returns for USD- denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi- sovereign issuers.

The J.P. Morgan Government Bond Index-Emerging Markets Global Diversified (GBI-EM Global Index) is a market capitalization Index that tracks the performance of local currency debt issued by emerging market governments. Bloomberg Euro Aggregate Index refers to the Bloomberg EuroAgg Index. The index measures the market of investment grade, euro-denominated, fixed- rate bond market, including treasuries, government-related, corporate and securitized issues. Inclusion is based on currency denomination of a bond and not country of risk of the issuer. Bloomberg Euro High Yield Index refers to the Bloomberg Euro High Yield 3% Issuer Capped Index. The index measures the of non-investment grade, fixed-rate corporate bonds denominated in USD. Inclusion is based on the currency of issue, and not the domicile of the issuer. The index excludes emerging market debt. Other: The FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed ex US Index is a subset of the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index and is designed to track the performance of listed real estate companies and REITS. The S&P GSCI Commodity Index is a composite index of commodity sector returns, representing an unleveraged, long-only investment in commodity futures that is broadly diversified across the spectrum of commodities. It is not possible to invest in an unmanaged index. Commodities: WTI Oil refers to West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Crude Oil, a landlocked crude, delivered via pipeline into Cushing, Oklahoma. Brent Oil refers to Brent crude oil, a waterborne crude oil produced in the North Sea. Currencies: Euro (\$/€) refers to the Euro's exchange rate with the Dollar. Pound (\$/£) refers to the British Pound's exchange rate with the US Dollar. Japanese Yen (\(\frac{1}{2}\)) refers to the US Dollar's exchange rate with the Japanese Yen. Swiss Franc (CHF/€) refers the Euro's exchange rate with the Swiss Franc, Chinese Yuan Renminbi (CNY/\$) refers to the US Dollar's exchange rate with the Chinese Yuan Renminbi. Rates: The federal funds rate is the interest rate at which depository institutions lend balances at the Federal Reserve to other depository institutions overnight. The LIBOR is the USD-denominated London Interbank Offered Rate, and is the average of interest rates estimated by each of the leading banks in London that it would be charged were it to borrow from other banks. The **2-Year Treasury** is a US Treasury debt obligation that has a maturity of 2 years. The 10-Year Treasury is a US Treasury debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The 2-10 Treasury Slope is the difference between the 10-Year Treasury and the 2-Year Treasury. The German Bunds 2-Year is a German debt obligation that has a maturity of 2 years. The German Bunds 10-Year is a German debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Japanese Govt Bonds 2-Year is a Japanese debt obligation that has a maturity of 2 years. The Japanese Govt Bonds 10-Year is a Japanese debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The UK Gilts 10-Year is a UK debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Swiss Govt Bonds 10-Year is a Swiss debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The French OATs 10-Year is a French debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Italian BTPs 10-Year is a Italian debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Spanish Bonos 10-Year is a Spanish debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. Spreads: High Yield (HY) Corporate Spread is the Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Average Option Adjusted Spread (OAS), which measures the spread between the US Treasury yield curve and the Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield curve. The Bank Loan Spread is the daily discount margin (3-year life) of the Credit Suisse Leveraged Loan Index, which is designed to mirror the investable universe of the USD-denominated leveraged loan market. The Investment Grade (IG) Corporate Spread is the Bloomberg US Aggregate Corporate Average OAS, which measures the spread between the US Treasury yield curve and the Bloomberg US Corporate Average curve. The EMD Spread is the J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Sovereign Spread, which measures the spread between the US Treasury yield

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curve and the J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Sovereign curve.

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